

# Overview of Virginia's Publicly-Funded Mental Health System: Structure, Funding & Recent Changes

Joint Subcommittee to Study Mental Health Services in the 21st Century July 21, 2014

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Commissioner

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### **Core Principles**

- Individuals can and do recover from mental illness and substance use disorders.
- Across the entire Commonwealth, Virginians should have access to quality mental health services.
- Interventions should be focused on prevention and early intervention.
- Services must be individualized, consumer-driven and family-focused.
- To best promote recovery, interventions should be holistic, and include necessary primary health care, housing and employment supports.



## Structure of the Public Mental Health System in Virginia

- DBHDS as the state mental health authority.
- Provides services through 9 state-operated hospitals across the Commonwealth.
- Provides partial funding to 40 community services boards (CSBs) across the Commonwealth who serve as the single point of entry into the publicly-funded behavioral health system.



## Virginia's Publicly-Funded Behavioral Health Services Delivery System

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#### **Public and Private DBHDS-Licensed Community Providers:**

	MH/SA Providers	MH/SA Locations
CSB (Public)	40	1,710
Private Providers <b>tate Mental He</b>	557 <b>alth Hospitals</b>	2,683 *•

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centers with acute medical needs

Adult

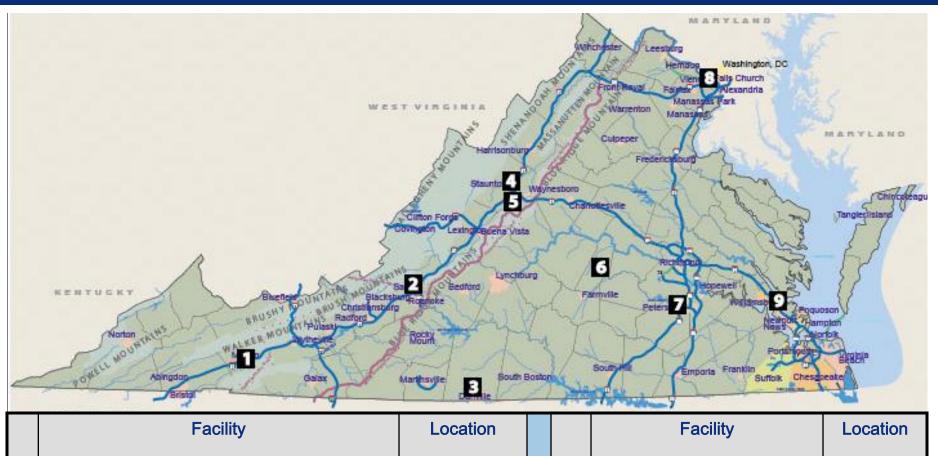
One all geriatric/3 with geriatric units

One with maximum security unit

Objico/Adde spentates one medical center for people in MH hospitals of training



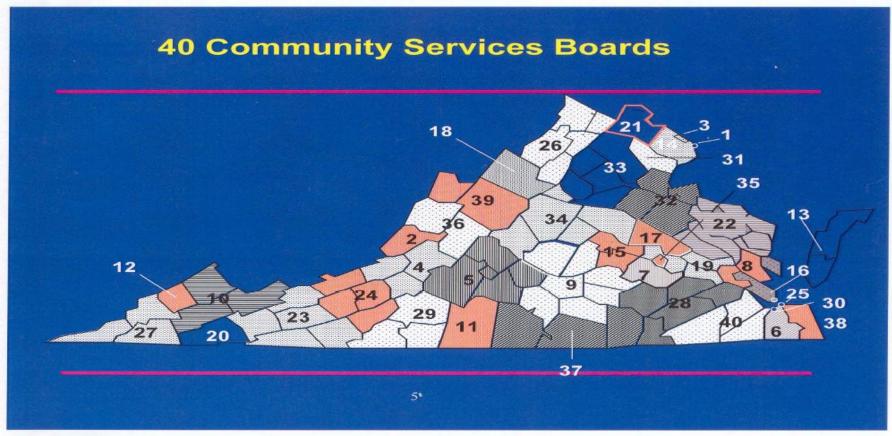
### State Mental Health Hospitals



	Facility	Location		Facility	Location
1	Southwestern VA MH Institute	Marion	6	Piedmont Geriatric Hospital	Burkeville
2	Catawba	Catawba	7	Central State Hospital	Petersburg
3	Southern VA MH Institute	Danville	8	Northern VA MH Institute	Falls Church
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### Community Services Boards



- Alexandria
- 2. Allegheny-Highlands
- Arlington County
- 4. Blue Ridge
- Central Virginia
- Chesapeake
- Chesterfield
- 8. Colonial
- Crossroads
- 10. Cumberland Mountain

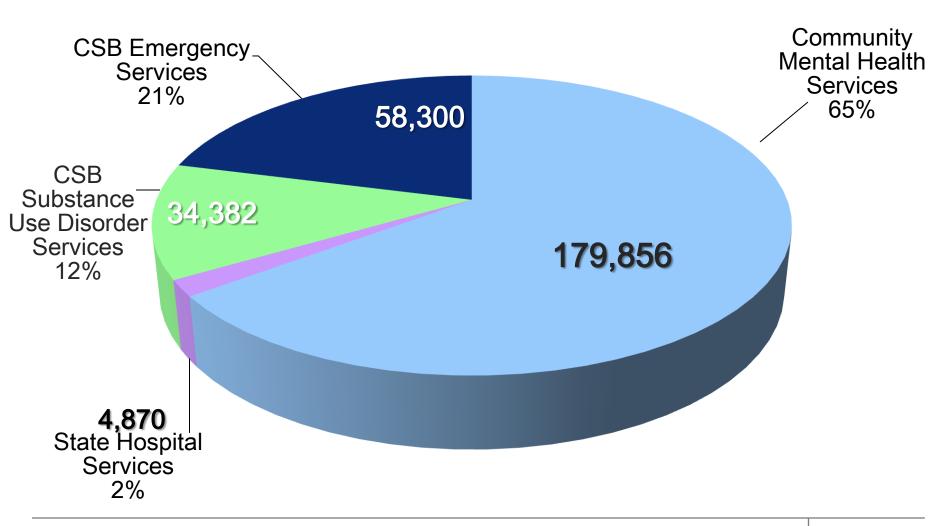
- 11. Danville-Pittsylvania
- 12. Dickenson County
- 13. Eastern Shore
- 14. Fairfax-Falls Church
- 15. Goochland-Powhatan
- 16. Hampton-Newport News
- 17. Hanover County
- 18. Harrisonburg-Rockingham
- 19. Henrico Area
- 20. Highlands

- 21. Loudoun County
- 22. Mid Peninsula-Northern Neck
- 23. Mount Rogers
- 24. New River Valley
- 25. Norfolk
- 26. Northwestern
- 27. Planning District 1
- 28. Planning District 19
- 29. Piedmont Regional
- 30. Portsmouth

- 31. Prince William County
- 32. Rappahannock Area
- 33. Rappanannock-Rapidan
- 34. Region Ten
- 35. Richmond
- 36. Rockbridge Area
- 37. Southside
- 38. Virginia Beach
- 39. Valley
- 40. Western Tidewater



## Individuals Receiving Public Behavioral Health Services in FY 2013





### **CSB Services**

#### • MANDATED to provide:

- Emergency services
- Case management subject to the availability of funds
- Preadmission screening and discharge planning

#### MAY provide a core of comprehensive services:

- MH/SA services can be provided directly by CSB
- CSB may contract for services
- Groups of CSBs may contract for services or provide them directly on a regional basis



### **CSB** Oversight and Accountability

- CSB-DBHDS Performance Contract
- Finance and program audits
- Licensing by DBHDS
- Human Rights protection
- Certification by federal CMS for Medicaid
- Accreditation by national agencies
- Virginia Office of Inspector General



#### Services Continuum

Mid to low intensity services reduce demand for emergency interventions and intensive services

**High Intensity Services**: More restrictive, more expensive services provided when illness is more difficult to manage.

Hospitalization

EMERGENCY

Residential
Crisis
Stabilization

Crisis

Mid to Low Intensity Services: Reduce demand for intensive services and emergency interventions:

- Outpatient Treatment
- Medication Management
- Individual & Group Therapy
- Therapeutic Day Services
- Psycho-social Rehabilitation
- Residential Services & Supports
- Telepsychiatry
- CIT
- MH Skill Building

Ongoing Treatment & Supports

Prevention & Early Intervention



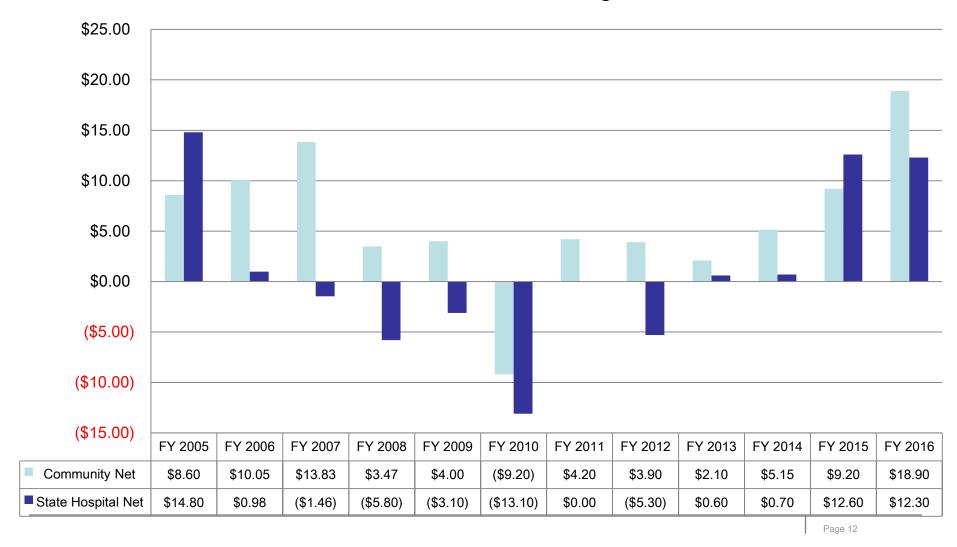
## Total New MH/SA Funding FY 2005 – FY 2014

New Funding	Total (in millions)
Community Total	\$71.40
Crisis Response	
	\$24.12
Adults with Serious and Persistent Mental Illness	
	\$23.33
Mental Health Treatment for Children & Adolescents	\$12.15
Mental Health & Criminal Justice Interface	\$4.77
Substance Abuse Services	\$3.43
Outpatient Mental Health Treatment for Adults	\$3.00
e ppogrammatic increase in MH since 2005 was \$34.32 mil, however if adjusted to	or inflations



## Mental Health Funding FY 2005 – FY 2016 (in millions)

#### Mental Health GF \$ Change





Effort	Description
Tightening of Regional Protocols	<ul> <li>CSBs, state facilities and their safety net partners (local hospitals, law enforcement agencies, and others) developed new regional admission protocols based on new laws.</li> <li>Refers to primary state facility when alternative TDO facility cannot be found.</li> <li>Use of alternative facilities when primary state hospital is full or cannot serve as "facility of last resort."</li> </ul>

 Medical screening prevents someone with a medical condition from being sent to a treatment facility that cannot adequately



Effort	Description
Extending ECO/TDO Period	<ul> <li>The maximum duration of an emergency custody order (ECO) has been changed from 4 to 8 hours.</li> <li>There are no extensions of the ECO period.</li> <li>The maximum period of temporary detention prior to a hearing is extended from 48 hours to 72 hours.</li> </ul>
Improving Communicatio n During Civil	<ul> <li>New statutory notification requirements, such as between law enforcement and CSBs at the time an ECO is executed, between CSBs and state hospitals when a CSB is notified of the need for an emergency evaluation, and between CSBs and state hospitals upon completion of an ECO evaluation.</li> <li>CSBs are required to notify the primary state hospital serving the CSB's area when an emergency custody evaluation is needed. State hospitals are required to admit any individual for temporary detention who is not admitted to an alternative treatment facility prior to the expiration of</li> </ul>



Effort	Description
Launch of Online Psychiatric Bed Registry	Launched March 3, 2014. Provides descriptive information about each public and private inpatient psychiatric facility and each CSB and private residential crisis stabilization unit to CSB emergency services providers and psychiatric hospitals that need immediate access to inpatient or residential crisis services for individuals. Legislation requires that the PBR provide real-time information about the number of beds available at each facility.

Soft Launch of

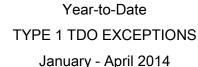
Beginning June 16, DBHDS and CSBs began operating as if all aspects of new civil commitment legislation were in effect (except 8-hour ECO period).

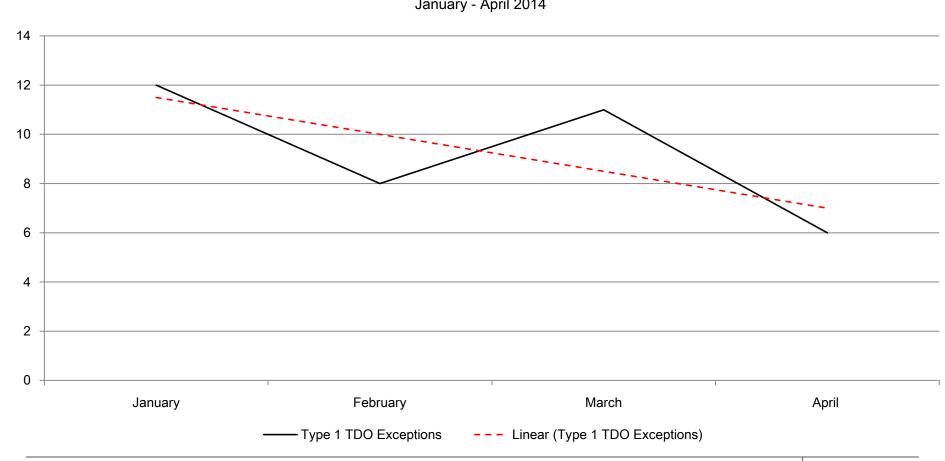


Effort	Description
Mental Health Law "Brown Bag" Meetings	Beginning on June 10, 2014, DBHDS began meeting with key representatives and stakeholders in emergency services. This group will continue to meet regularly to improve communication and address any problem areas.
Implemented TDO-Exception Reporting	Since January, CSBs must submit monthly data on TDO exceptions to DBHDS. Data is aggregated and posted on the DBHDS website.



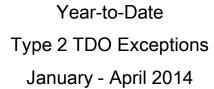
## Reported Type 1 Events: TDO was sought but not obtained due to lack of willing facility

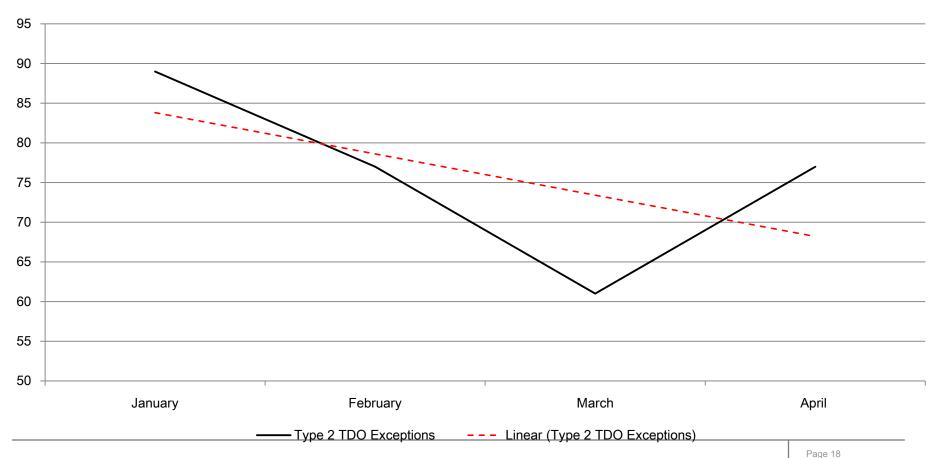






## Reported Type 2 Events: TDO was obtained and executed but more than 6 hours elapsed







## Major Challenges

- Prevention and early intervention system is underdeveloped.
- Lengthy community waiting lists 3,200 adult mental health,
   1,200 children/adolescents MH, 1,100 substance abuse.
- Intensive supports such as PACT, housing, and employment are inconsistently available across Virginia.
- Underdeveloped peer support services delivery.
- Limited availability of mid level crisis supports such as crisis stabilization services, CIT secure assessment centers.
- The low income threshold for Medicaid presents challenges for providing services for the uninsured and underinsured.
- Virginia ranks 39<sup>th</sup> in community funding and 10<sup>th</sup> in facility funding nationwide.



## Recent Commissions and Task Forces

- 2006 2011 Supreme Court Commission on MH Law Reform.
- 2007 Gov. Kaine's Virginia Tech Review Panel.
- 2013 Gov. McDonnell's Taskforce on School and Campus Safety (Mental Health Workgroup).



## New Efforts: Shoring Up Virginia's Mental Health System

#### **Focus Areas**

Identifying a core set of mental health services to be consistently available across the Commonwealth.

Developing a consistent, multi-year, funding strategy.

Increasing system-wide accountability and performance management.

Embarking on full-scale transformation effort



### **Transformation Effort**

- Small, strategic "transformation teams" of DBHDS staff, agency partners, stakeholders and advocates to develop priorities.
- Complete examination of system infrastructure and delivery for behavioral health and developmental services.
- Key deliverables to strengthen the system after six, 12, 18 and 24 months.



### Vision of a Reformed System

- Access to high quality mental health and substance abuse services across the Commonwealth.
- Consistent and effective emergency services.
- Emphasis on prevention and early intervention services across the lifespan.
- Increase in evidence-based practices such as permanent supportive housing and supportive employment.
- Strategic and consistent funding.
- System performance monitoring and increased accountability; contracting that ties funding to measurable outcomes.